1072. MOZART TO GOTTFRIED VON JACQUIN, 1 VIENNA

À / Monsieur / Monsieur Geoffroy de Jacquin / à / <u>Vienne</u>. / <u>On the Rennwege / in the Botanical Garden</u>.

Dearest, most valued friend! -

Prague, 4th Novbre, 1787

I hope, sir, you have received my letter; - [5] on 29th Octb.2 my opera D: Giovanni went on stage, and indeed to the loudest applause.³ – Yesterday it was performed for the 4th time |: and indeed to my benefit :|; - I am thinking of leaving here on the 12th or 13th, on my return, therefore, you are to receive the aria⁵ ready for singing at once; N.B. between the two of us: – I would have wished that my good friends |: especially Bridi⁶ and yourself : [10] could have been here for just a single evening in order to share in my pleasure! - Perhaps it will be performed in Vienna after all?⁷ – I hope so. – They are using all possible means here to persuade me to stay on a few months longer and write another opera, 8 – I cannot however accept this proposal, however flattering it may be. – [15] Now, dearest friend, how is your health? – I hope that all of you may find yourselves as fit and well as we are; – there could not possibly be any lack of contentment, dear friend, since you possess everything that you could conceivably wish for at your age and in your circumstances! – Especially since you now seem to have come back completely from your previous somewhat restless manner of living; – [20] Is it not true that you are becoming more convinced daily of the truth of my little penitential sermons? – Is not the pleasure of a flighty, moody love worlds apart from the blessedness arising from a true, judicious love? - Surely you thank me so often in your heart for my admonitions! – You will yet make me quite proud. – [25] but, joking apart: – strictly speaking you do in fact owe me some thanks if your new manner has made you worthy of Fräulein N..., for after all I certainly did not play a negligible role in your improvement or conversion; – My great-grandfather used to say to his wife, my great-grandmother, and she to her daughter, my grandmother, she in turn to her daughter, [30] my mother, and she then to her daughter, my sister by blood, that it is a very great skill to be able to speak well and beautifully, but perhaps no less a skill to stop at the right time; – I therefore wish to take the advice of my sister, thanks to our mother, grandmother and great-grandmother, and put an end not only to my moral ramblings, [35] but also to the whole letter.

¹ BD: Gottfried von Jacquin (cf. Nos. 1022, 1069, 1072), whose sister Franziska was one of Mozart's keyboard pupils (cf. note on No. 0972/2). Their father was a famous botanist.

² BD: It was originally intended that the première of *Don Giovanni* should mark the wedding of Archduchess [Erzherzögin] Maria Theresia (cf. No. 1069/14) to Prince [Prinz] Anton Clemens of Saxony. Since she left Prague on 15th October, 1787, she instead heard *Figaro*, on 14th October.

³ BD: The famous letter "*Evviva da Ponte, evviva Mozart*!" was allegedly sent to Da Ponte even before the première. Cf. reports in the *Prager Oberpostamtszeitung* of 3rd November, 1787, and in the *Provinzialnachrichten* of 10th November, 1787.

⁴ BD: Actual date unclear. Before leaving, Mozart allegedly improvised a fantasy on the newly restored organ in Strahov Monastery in Prague. Canon Norbert Lehmann (* 1750) notated parts of the improvisation (KV 528a; KV⁶: App. C 27. 03). Cf. Lehmann's letter to Neimetschek on 1st May, 1818.

⁵ BD: Apparently requested by Jacquin. Cf. note on No. 1069/52: possibly KV 621a.

⁶ BD: Probably Giuseppe Antonio Bridi (1763-1836), born in Rovereto. Sang the title role in a private performance of *Idomeneo* on 13th March, 1786; erected two stone memorials to Mozart in his garden in Rovereto, one with a Latin and one with the German inscription.

⁷ BD: It was not performed in Vienna until 7th May, 1788, and during Mozart's lifetime only in that year. Emperor Joseph II did not hear it until 15th December, 1788, but had already uttered the judgement on 16th May, 1788, that "*La Musique de Mozart est bien trop difficile pour le chant*" ["Mozart's music is much too difficult for the voice"].

⁸ BD: But not yet *La Clemenza di Tito* (cf. note on No. 1091/12-13).

⁹ BD: Dots left by Mozart himself. Actually Marianne von Natorp, one of the two sisters to whom Mozart dedicated the sonata for keyboard, four hands KV 521; cf. line 49 and note on No. 1070/15.

the 9th: - I have received your 2nd letter with surprise and pleasure; 10 - if the song 11 en question is a necessary precondition for you to feel assured of my friendship, you now have no further reason to doubt it; – here it is: – but I hope you are convinced of my true friendship even without this song, [40] and in this hope I remain eternally, sir,

> your most sincere friend W: A: Mozart mp¹²

 $\underline{P:S:}$ – That your dear parents, your esteemed sister and esteemed brother¹³ apparently could not remember me at all? - To me this is incredible! - [45] I put it down entirely to your forgetfulness, my friend, and flatter myself that I am not mistaken. – These are the facts about the double seal: - the red wax was useless - I therefore put a black wax seal on top of it; and have left my usual seal in Vienna. – adieu, – I hope to embrace you soon. To your entire family and to the *Nattorps*¹⁴ *compliments* from both of us. –

¹⁰ BD: No. 1071 (lost).

¹¹ BD: Cf. note on No.1070/15.

¹² mp = manu propria = in his own hand.

¹³ BD: "parents", "sister", "brother": cf. notes on No. 1022/47, 68, 70.

14 BD: Cf. note on No.1053/5. Marianne von Natorp was the dedicatee of one of Gottfried's songs.